

non-critical JS/styles. Learn more. FCP [LCP]



There are a number of WordPress plugins that can help you <u>inline critical assets</u> or <u>defer less important</u> <u>resources</u>. Beware that optimizations provided by these plugins may break features of your theme or plugins, so you will likely need to make code changes.

Show 3rd-party resources (6)

1.05 s 🔨

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
block-library/style.min.css (c0.wp.com)	11.1 KiB	930 ms
scss/bootstrap.min.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	22.1 KiB	150 ms
css/all.css (use.fontawesome.com)	13.6 KiB	930 ms
css/js_composer.min.css?ver=6.7.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	46.9 KiB	900 ms
pixicon-main/style.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	12.6 KiB	300 ms
build/bootstrap-select.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	2.9 KiB	150 ms
wp-scss-cache/pix-essentials-style-2.css?ver=164 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	56.2 KiB	600 ms
css/v4-shims.css (use.fontawesome.com)	5.2 KiB	300 ms
social-logos/social-logos.min.css (c0.wp.com)	8.0 KiB	150 ms
css/jetpack.css (c0.wp.com)	15.7 KiB	300 ms
jquery/jquery.min.js (c0.wp.com)	30.0 KiB	450 ms
Reduce initial server response time		■ 1.16 s →

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]



Themes, plugins, and server specifications all contribute to server response time. Consider finding a more optimized theme, carefully selecting an optimization plugin, and/or upgrading your server.

	ime Spent
https://designingfordiverselearners.info	1,260 ms

## Reduce unused CSS

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]



Consider reducing, or switching, the number of <u>WordPress plugins</u> loading unused CSS in your page. To identify plugins that are adding extraneous CSS, try running <u>code coverage</u> in Chrome DevTools. You can identify the theme/plugin responsible from the URL of the stylesheet. Look out for plugins that have many stylesheets in the list which have a lot of red in code coverage. A plugin should only enqueue a stylesheet if it is actually used on the page.

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
wp-scss-cache/pix-essentials-style-2.css?ver=164 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	56.2 KiB	54.5 KiB
css/js_composer.min.css?ver=6.7.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	46.9 KiB	46.3 KiB
scss/bootstrap.min.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	22.1 KiB	21.4 KiB
css/jetpack.css (c0.wp.com)	15.7 KiB	15.7 KiB
css/all.css (use.fontawesome.com)	13.6 KiB	13.6 KiB
pixicon-main/style.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	12.6 KiB	12.5 KiB
block-library/style.min.css (c0.wp.com)	11.1 KiB	11.0 KiB

#### Reduce unused JavaScript

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. [LCP]

Consider reducing, or switching, the number of <u>WordPress plugins</u> loading unused JavaScript in your page. To identify plugins that are adding extraneous JS, try running <u>code coverage</u> in Chrome DevTools. You can identify the theme/plugin responsible from the URL of the script. Look out for plugins that have many scripts in the list which have a lot of red in code coverage. A plugin should only enqueue a script if it is actually used on the page.

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/essentials.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	44.6 KiB	30.4 KiB
	44.6 KiB	30.4 KiB

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

#### DIAGNOSTICS

Reduce the impact of third-party code — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 280 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn more. [TBT]

	Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
WordPress	L	90 KiB	274 ms
jquery	/jquery.min.js (c0.wp.com)	30 KiB	274 ms
css/jet	pack.css (c0.wp.com)	16 KiB	0 ms

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0.27 s 🔨

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
block-library/style.min.css (c0.wp.com)	11 KiB	0 ms
social-logos/social-logos.min.css (c0.wp.com)	8 KiB	0 ms
vendor/wp-polyfill.min.js (c0.wp.com)	7 KiB	0 ms
Other resources	18 KiB	0 ms
FontAwesome CDN	19 KiB	2 ms
css/v4-shims.css (use.fontawesome.com)	5 KiB	2 ms
css/all.css (use.fontawesome.com)	14 KiB	0 ms
Google Fonts	36 KiB	0 ms
v12/xn7gYHE41woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	25 KiB	0 ms
v20/pxiByp8kvwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	9 KiB	0 ms
WordPress Site Stats	3 KiB	0 ms

Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more [CLS]

		URL
*	<pre>Designing for diverse learners <img <="" pre="" src="https://designingfordiverselearne rs.info/wp- content/uploads/2022/02/design"/></pre>	02/designing-for-diverse- learners.svg (designingfordiverselearners.info)
alt="Designing for diver	rse learners"	
<pre>style="height:35px;width</pre>	n:auto;">	

First Contentful Paint (3G) - 9630 ms

First Contentful Paint 3G marks the time at which the first text or image is painted while on a 3G network. Learn more.

	Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 47 resources found	^
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A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

Read about Browser Caching in WordPress.

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
fonts/pixicon.ttf?6geuic (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	270 KiB
wp-scss-cache/pix-essentials-style-2.css?ver=164 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	56 KiB
css/js_composer.min.css?ver=6.7.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	47 KiB

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URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
js/essentials.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	45 KiB
scss/bootstrap.min.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	22 KiB
build/bootstrap-select.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	17 KiB
build/bootstrap.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	16 KiB
build/flickity.pkgd.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	15 KiB
pixicon-main/style.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	13 KiB
build/popper.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	8 KiB
dist/js_composer_front.min.js?ver=6.7.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	6 KiB
js/wp-emoji-release.min.js?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	6 KiB
scripts/odometer.min.js?ver=1.0.2 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	4 KiB
css/jquery-confirm.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	4 KiB
js/index.js?ver=5.5.6.1 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	4 KiB
js/copy-the-code.js?ver=2.2.2 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	3 KiB
build/bootstrap-select.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	3 KiB
js/svgs-inline.js?ver=1.0.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-all-capitals-small-font-sizes-and-cursive-or- scrisvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-automatically-playing-media-content-and-forcing- csvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-allow-user-control-for-media-and-navigation Enssvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-unhelpful-or-overcomplex-alt-text-3.svg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-assuming-your-content-is-accessible-without- testisvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-providing-audio-and-video-without-an- alternativesvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-add-meaningful-alternative-alt-text-to-images- 5.svg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-use-accessibility-checkers-where-available1.svg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-text-over-images-charts-graphs-diagrams-or- pattersvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-break-up-information-with-meaningful-headings- susvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
03/Always-use-a-readable-font-sentence-case-and-a- suitablesvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-maUse-headings-to-structure-content1.svg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-manual-formatting-text-to-convey-headings- meaningsvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-break-up-informationUse-meaningful-headings- susvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-centre-and-right-alignment-of-text-or-full-justifsvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-complex-or-cluttered-layouts-multi-layered- menussvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-provide-transcripts-or-captions-for-audio-and- visvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-ensure-sufficient-colour-contrast-from- foregrounsvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-use-a-combination-of-colour-shapes-and-text-to- csvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Always-use-heading-styles-tags-or-other-formatting- featsvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/Avoid-colour-coding-text-or-using-colour-as-the-only- wasvg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	2 KiB
03/designing-for-diverse-learners.svg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	1 KiB
build/flickity.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	1 KiB
scripts/pixfort-likes.js?ver=1.0.2 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	1 KiB
02/designing-for-diverse-learners.svg (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	1 KiB
css/copy-the-code.css?ver=2.2.2 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	1 KiB
styles/odometer-theme-default.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	1 KiB
styles/pixfort-likes.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	1 KiB
css/svgs-attachment.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	4 h	1 KiB

Minimize main-thread work — 4.8 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more TBT

Category	Time Spent
Style & Layout	1,482 ms
Script Evaluation	1,480 ms
Other	975 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	400 ms
Rendering	384 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	57 ms
Garbage Collection	23 ms

## Avoid an excessive DOM size — 1,200 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. [TBT]

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		1,200
Maximum DOM Depth	<pre>div.mr-3 &gt; svg &gt; g &gt; path <path d="M16,17 L16,21 C16,21.5522847 15.5522847,22&lt;br&gt;15,22 L9,22 C8.44771525,22 8,21" fill="#000000"></path></pre>	27
Maximum Child Elements	<pre>body.home</pre>	48

# Reduce JavaScript execution time - 1.4 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn more. [TBT]

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Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
https://designingfordiverselearners.info	1,444 ms	242 ms	10 ms
js/essentials.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	1,166 ms	518 ms	12 ms
jquery/jquery.min.js (c0.wp.com)	1,092 ms	569 ms	6 ms
Unattributable	567 ms	14 ms	1 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
wp-scss-cache/pix-essentials-style-2.css?ver=164 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	78 ms	0 ms	0 ms
css/js_composer.min.css?ver=6.7.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	71 ms	0 ms	0 ms
css/v4-shims.css (use.fontawesome.com)	55 ms	0 ms	0 ms

○ Avoid chaining critical requests — 36 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]

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#### Maximum critical path latency: 1,690 ms

### Initial Navigation

т	http	os://designingfordiverselearners.info
-		scripts/pixfort-likes.js?ver=1.0.2 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 50 ms, 1.38 KiB
-		vendor/wp-polyfill.min.js (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 7.13 KiB
-		jquery/jquery-migrate.min.js (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 4.32 KiB
+		css/jquery-confirm.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 70 ms, 4.14 KiB
+		css/copy-the-code.css?ver=2.2.2 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 70 ms, 1.29 KiB
+		mediaelement/wp-mediaelement.min.css (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 1.36 KiB
ŀ		build/flickity.pkgd.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 60 ms, 15.22 KiB
ŀ		css/svgs-attachment.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 70 ms, 0.86 KiB
-		build/flickity.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 60 ms, 1.39 KiB
-		build/bootstrap-select.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 50 ms, 2.93 KiB
-		jquery/jquery.min.js (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 30.02 KiB
-		wp-scss-cache/pix-essentials-style-2.css?ver=164 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 110 ms, 56.25 KiB
-		css/all.css (use.fontawesome.com) - 30 ms, 13.64 KiB
-	_	/css?family=Poppins%3A400%2C600&display=swap&ver=6.0 (fonts.googleapis.com)
		v20/pxiByp8kvwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 0 ms, 8.72 KiB
-		dist/js_composer_front.min.js?ver=6.7.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 60 ms, 6.49 KiB
-		vendor/regenerator-runtime.min.js (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 2.72 KiB
-		mediaelement/mediaelementplayer-legacy.min.css (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 2.74 KiB
-		block-library/style.min.css (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 11.05 KiB
-		scripts/odometer.min.js?ver=1.0.2 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 60 ms, 4.35 KiB
-		build/bootstrap-select.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 30 ms, 16.97 KiB
-		js/svgs-inline.js?ver=1.0.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 30 ms, 2.34 KiB
-		js/essentials.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 40 ms, 44.59 KiB
-		css/js_composer.min.css?ver=6.7.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 90 ms, 46.87 KiB
-		js/index.js?ver=5.5.6.1 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 60 ms, 3.98 KiB
-		css/jetpack.css (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 15.72 KiB
		css/v4-shims.css (use.fontawesome.com) - 20 ms. 5.19 KiB

styles/odometer-theme-default.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 30 ms, 1.26 KiB
/css?family=Manrope%3A400%2C600&display=swap&ver=6.0 (fonts.googleapis.com)
v12/xn7gYHE41woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 10 ms, 24.59 KiB
build/popper.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 60 ms, 8.29 KiB
ui/core.min.js (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 6.90 KiB
build/bootstrap.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 50 ms, 15.91 KiB
styles/pixfort-likes.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 20 ms, 1.11 KiB
js/copy-the-code.js?ver=2.2.2 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 30 ms, 3.20 KiB
scss/bootstrap.min.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 70 ms, 22.10 KiB
pixicon-main/style.min.css?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)
fonts/pixicon.ttf?6geuic (designingfordiverselearners.info) - 60 ms, 270.30 KiB
social-logos/social-logos.min.css (c0.wp.com) - 20 ms, 7.99 KiB

# O Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small - 67 requests • 758 KiB

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To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	67	757.9 KiB
Font	3	303.6 KiB
Stylesheet	20	211.0 KiB
Script	19	183.1 KiB
Image	24	39.5 KiB
Document	1	20.7 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Other	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	19	148.5 KiB

## O Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

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This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More [LCP]

Element	
T = Designing for diverse learners diverse learners guidelines to support best practice learning material design	<pre>Designing for diverse learners <h1 class="text-white font-weight-bold heading-text el-title_custom_color mb-12" data-anim-delay="0" data-anim-type="" style=""></h1></pre>

# These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. [CLS]

Element	CLS Contribution
Print Version       High quality print ready posters <div class="pix-content-box card vc_custom_1613451230203&lt;/td&gt; rounded-10 shadow-lg"></div>	0.088
<pre>Print Version High quality print ready posters Embed code Display in your websi </pre>	0.081
Designing for diverse learners The project aims to produce simple guidelines t div class="vc_column-inner">	0.07
ready posters       Embed code Display in your website or VLE.             Lisplay in your website or VLE.         Display in your website or VLE.             Image: State or VLE.	0.02
Designing for diverse learning The project aims to produce simple guidelines to support best practice learning material design. The project aims to produce simple guidelines to support best practice learning material design. The project aims to produce simple guidelines to support best practice learning <div class="pix-el-text slide-in-container w-100&lt;br&gt;vc_custom_1647005654838"></div>	0.019

O Avoid long main-thread tasks — 12 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more TBT

Shc	w 3rd-party res	sources (5)
URL	Start Time	Duration
jquery/jquery.min.js (c0.wp.com)	6,631 ms	307 ms
https://designingfordiverselearners.info	1,169 ms	252 ms
https://designingfordiverselearners.info	930 ms	239 ms
https://designingfordiverselearners.info	1,491 ms	170 ms
jquery/jquery.min.js (c0.wp.com)	3,510 ms	142 ms
jquery/jquery.min.js (c0.wp.com)	6,938 ms	120 ms
wp-scss-cache/pix-essentials-style-2.css?ver=164 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	3,780 ms	78 ms

URL	Start Time	Duration
css/js_composer.min.css?ver=6.7.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	2,580 ms	71 ms
https://designingfordiverselearners.info	1,421 ms	70 ms
js/essentials.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	7,058 ms	69 ms
css/v4-shims.css (use.fontawesome.com)	2,160 ms	55 ms
jquery/jquery.min.js (c0.wp.com)	6,579 ms	52 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

#### PASSED AUDITS (24)

# Properly size images

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn more.

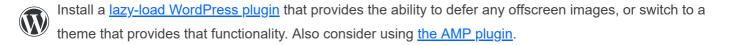
Upload images directly through the <u>media library</u> to ensure that the required image sizes are available, and then insert them from the media library or use the image widget to ensure the optimal image sizes are used (including those for the responsive breakpoints). Avoid using `Full Size` images unless the dimensions are adequate for their usage. <u>Learn More</u>.

Hide

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#### Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn more.



#### Minify CSS

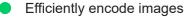
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]

A number of <u>WordPress plugins</u> can speed up your site by concatenating, minifying, and compressing your styles. You may also want to use a build process to do this minification up-front if possible.

#### Minify JavaScript

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]

A number of <u>WordPress plugins</u> can speed up your site by concatenating, minifying, and compressing your scripts. You may also want to use a build process to do this minification up front if possible.



Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more.



Consider using an <u>image optimization WordPress plugin</u> that compresses your images while retaining quality.

## Serve images in next-gen formats

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u>.

Consider using a <u>plugin</u> or service that will automatically convert your uploaded images to the optimal formats.

#### Enable text compression

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]



You can enable text compression in your web server configuration.

#### Preconnect to required origins

Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to important thirdparty origins. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]

Avoid multiple page redirects

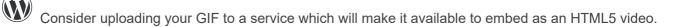
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. FCP [LCP]

#### Preload key requests

Consider using `<link rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]

## Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more [LCP]



## Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. (TBT)

# Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 12 KiB

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More TBT

URL		Potential Savings
build/bootstrap-select.min.js? ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)		6.5 KiB
//js/bootstrap-select.js:279:4	Object.keys	
js/essentials.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)		5.1 KiB
essentials.js:22:686	Date.now	
essentials.js:23:1832	@babel/plugin-transform- classes	
build/popper.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)		0.1 KiB
//src/utils/isIE.js:4:28	@babel/plugin-transform- classes	

## Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. [LCP]

## Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 758 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn more</u>.



Consider showing excerpts in your post lists (e.g. via the more tag), reducing the number of posts shown on a given page, breaking your long posts into multiple pages, or using a plugin to lazy-load comments.

Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size
fonts/pixicon.ttf?6geuic (designingfordiverselearners.info)	270.3 KiB
wp-scss-cache/pix-essentials-style-2.css?ver=164 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	56.2 KiB
css/js_composer.min.css?ver=6.7.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	46.9 KiB
js/essentials.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	44.6 KiB
jquery/jquery.min.js (c0.wp.com)	30.0 KiB
v12/xn7gYHE41woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	24.6 KiB
scss/bootstrap.min.css?ver=6.0 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	22.1 KiB
https://designingfordiverselearners.info	20.7 KiB
build/bootstrap-select.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	17.0 KiB
build/bootstrap.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	15.9 KiB

## User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

## All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more. [FCP] [LCP]

## Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn more. [TBT]

#### Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more.

## Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

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For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn more.

#### • Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more CLS

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300</u> <u>millisecond delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. [TBT]

## Avoids unload event listeners

The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. <u>Learn more</u>



These checks highlight opportunities to <u>improve the accessibility of your</u> <u>web app</u>. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

#### ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

The page has a logical tab order
 Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more.
 Interactive controls are keyboard focusable
 Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.

```
    Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state
```

Hide

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from noninteractive elements. <u>Learn more</u>.

O The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page

If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.

O User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region

A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.

O Custom controls have associated labels

Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.

Custom controls have ARIA roles

Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn more.

• Visual order on the page follows DOM order

DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more.

Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology

Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.

HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation

Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more.

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

#### PASSED AUDITS (15)

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[aria-\*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-\*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-\*` attributes. Learn more.

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document `<body>`. Learn more.

[aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more.	
[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more.	
Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusab for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	le
ARIA IDs are unique	^
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more.	
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored w an empty alt attribute. Learn more.	ith
<pre>[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"/> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute i not less than 5.</pre>	is ^
Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u> .	the
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn mor	<u>e</u> .
<ul> <li>Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio</li> </ul>	^
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.	

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### <html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more.

### Links have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more.

Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### NOT APPLICABLE (29)

Hide

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## O [accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more</u>.

## O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more.

#### O [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### ^

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### O ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### O ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names

When a `progressbar` element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

O [role]s have all required [aria-\*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn</u> more.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

O [role]s are contained by their required parent element

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

#### O [role] values are valid

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more.

• ARIA toggle fields have accessible names

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

O ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

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When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more.

## O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements

Definition list items (`<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.

## O [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique

All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u>.

### No form fields have multiple labels

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u>.

O <frame> Or <iframe> elements have a title

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more.

O <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text

When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn</u> more.

O Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more.

O List items (<1i>) are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (``) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. Learn more.

O The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

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Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more.

• No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

O Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u>.

• (th> elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

O [lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

O <video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



TRUST AND SAFETY

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A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn more

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

## GENERAL

## PASSED AUDITS (13)

the request to user gestures instead. Learn more.

	Uses HTTPS	>
	All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u> , where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u> .	
•	Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load	>
	Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the	
	request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•		~

Hide

Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution ~ Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console ~ Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel

in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

#### Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more.

URL	Map URL
js/essentials.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	js/essentials.min.js.map (designingfordiverselearners.info)
Warning: missing 1 item in `.sourcesContent`	
build/bootstrap-select.min.js? ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	build/bootstrap- select.min.js.map (designingfordiverselearners.info)
Warning: missing 1 item in `.sourcesContent`	
build/popper.min.js?ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	build/popper.min.js.map (designingfordiverselearners.info)
build/bootstrap.min.js? ver=2.0.5 (designingfordiverselearners.info)	 build/bootstrap.min.js.map (designingfordiverselearners.info)

NOT APPLICABLE (1)	Hide	
O Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded	^	
Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more		



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on <u>Core Web Vitals</u>. Learn more.

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

SSED AUDITS (14)	Hide
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300</u> <u>millisecond delay to user input</u> . <u>Learn more</u> . [TBT]	
Document has a <title> element&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. &lt;u&gt;Learn more&lt;/u&gt;.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Document has a meta description&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Page has successful HTTP status code&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Links have descriptive text&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Links are crawlable&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor&lt;br&gt;elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;or&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Page isn't blocked from indexing&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl the Learn more.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;em.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>	

robots.txt is valid

^

If your robots.txt file crawled or indexed.		y not be able to understand how	you want your website to be
Image elements h	ave [alt] attributes		^
Informative element an empty alt attribut		riptive alternate text. Decorative	elements can be ignored with
Document has a v	alid hreflang		^
hreflang links tell se or region. <u>Learn mo</u>	-	of a page they should list in sear	ch results for a given language
Document has a v	alid rel=canonical		^
Canonical links sug	Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.		
Document uses le	gible font sizes — 100% le	gible text	^
	n 12px are too small to be le ≥>60% of page text ≥12px. <u>L</u>	gible and require mobile visitors <u>_earn more</u> .	to "pinch to zoom" in order to
Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
Legible text		100.00%	≥ 12px
<ul> <li>Document avoids</li> </ul>	plugins		^
Search engines car <u>more</u> .	n't index plugin content, and	many devices restrict plugins or	don't support them. <u>Learn</u>
Tap targets are siz	ed appropriately — 100% a	appropriately sized tap targets	^
Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u> .			

# PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

## INSTALLABLE

#### Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

PWA OPTIMIZED

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start\_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more</u>.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn more.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300</u> <u>millisecond delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. [TBT] ^

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Provides a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more.

## ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)

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# Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

O Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more.

# O Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

📅 Captured at Jun 6, 2022, 2:24 PM	Emulated Moto G4 with Lighthouse	Single page load
GMT+1	9.3.0	
Ō Initial page load	7 Unknown	Substant MeadlessChromium
		98.0.4758.102 with Ir

Generated by Lighthouse 9.3.0 | File an issue

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